

Liquidity Coverage Ratio as at December 2017

The Basel Committee for Banking Supervision (BCBS) had proposed the liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) in order to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered high quality liquid assets (HQLA) to survive a significant liquidity stress lasting for a period of 30 days. LCR is defined as a ratio of HQLA to the total net cash outflows estimated for the next 30 calendar days. As per the RBI guidelines the minimum LCR required to be maintained by banks shall be implemented in a phased manner from January 1, 2015 as given below.

2015 - 60%
 2016 - 70%
 2017 - 80%
 2018 - 90%
 2019 - 100%

Particulars	Quarter Ended December 2017	
	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)*
High Quality Liquid Assets		
1 Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		16,416
Cash Outflows		
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:		
(i) Stable deposits	210	11
(ii) Less stable deposits	3,322	332
3 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which		
(i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-
(ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-
(iii) Unsecured debt	20,261	14,404
4 Secured wholesale funding	19,162	-
5 Additional requirements, of which		
(i) Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	2,218	2,218
(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-
6 Other contractual funding obligations	561	561
7 Other contingent funding obligations	7,044	211
8 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		17,700
Cash Inflows		
9 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	1,177	-
10 Inflows from fully performing exposures	2,887	2,212
11 Other cash inflows	3,451	2,789
12 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	7,515	5,001
		Total Adjusted Value
21 TOTAL HQLA		16,416
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		12,699
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		129%

* The average weighted and unweighted amounts are calculated taking simple daily average of October 2017, November 2017 and December 2017 figures.

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio is significantly higher than minimum regulatory threshold. As a strategy, the Bank is invested into GOI Bonds and corporate bonds which have resulted in a high level of HQLA. The Bank follows the criteria laid down by the RBI for daily calculation of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA), gross outflows and inflows within the next 30 day period. HQLA predominantly comprises Government securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement viz. Treasury Bills, Central and State Government securities and corporate bonds in form of CP, CD and Bonds rated AA- and above with mandated haircuts applied thereto.

Bank is predominantly funded through certificate of deposits, wholesale term deposits and long term borrowings viz. Bonds and ECBs. Further the reliance on retail deposits and CASA is low but has increased as compared to the previous quarter. All significant outflows and inflows determined in accordance with RBI guidelines are included in the prescribed LCR computation. Bank expects the LCR to reduce in the coming quarters primarily on account of growth in advances and increased focus on raising retail deposits.